

Introductory Econometrics 1

Module 3, 2017-18

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Course information

Course Website: TBA

Instructor's Office Hours: TBA

Class Time: TBA

Room Number: TBA

TAs: TBA

Course description

The objective of the course is to familiarize students with basic concepts of econometric analysis. During the course students learn how to apply basic econometric models to cross-sectional data. Also the participants of the course will study basic commands in STATA software and will do practical exercises.

Course requirements, grading, and attendance policies

Students are assumed to have sufficient background in statistics, calculus and matrix algebra. There are 14 lectures and 7 seminars. During first six weeks each week a problem set will be distributed. Best 5 problem sets will be counted for 20% of the final grade. The final written format A4 exam will give 80% of the final grade. The final exam lasts 3 hours and contains 4 problems. The format A4 makeup exam lasts 2 hours and contains 2 problems.

Course contents

Week 1: Introduction. Simple regression model. Ordinary least squares. (Ch. 1,2).

Week 2: Multiple regression analysis: Goodness of fit. Irrelevant variables. Omitted variable bias. Multicollinearity. Misspecified models. Gauss-Markov theorem. (Ch. 3).

Week 3: Multiple regression analysis: Testing hypotheses. Confidence intervals. Testing multiple linear restrictions. F and t statistics. (Ch. 4).

Week 4: Multiple regression analysis: Consistency. Asymptotic normality. Asymptotic efficiency. Lagrange multiplier statistic. (Ch. 5).

Week 5: Multiple regression analysis: Goodness of fit and selection of regressors. Prediction. Dummy variables. Linear probability model. (Ch. 6,7).

Week 6: Heteroskedasticity. Testing for heteroskedasticity. White test. Generalized least squares. Functional form misspecification. Proxy variables. Measurement error. Missing data. (Ch. 8,9).

Week 7: Maximum Likelihood estimation in linear regression. Instrumental variables estimation and two stage least squares. Simultaneous equations models. (Ch. 15,16).

Description of course methodology

A typical lecture includes a theoretical part on course material. During the second part of the lecture we discuss how a new econometric method can be applied for practical cases.

Sample tasks for course evaluation

Problem 1. Consider the standard simple linear regression model under the Gauss-Markov assumptions. When $n=3$, is it possible that the data point with maximal value of dependent variable is located below the regression line? If answer is yes, provide an example, if no, provide a proof.

Problem 2. Consider the simple linear regression model. The independent variable is endogenous and positively correlated with error term.

- We estimate the value of $\beta_0 + \beta_1 E(x)$ as $b_0 + b_1 [\text{sample mean of } x]$, where b_0 and b_1 are OLS estimates. Compute the sign of the asymptotic bias.
- Suppose you know that $\text{corr}(x,u)=1$ and all random variables are normally distributed. Can you provide asymptotically consistent estimate for β_1 ?

Problem 3. Consider the following nonlinear econometric model

$$y = A \exp\{x\} + \varepsilon^2.$$

Random variable x is normally distributed with zero mean and unit variance. Random variable ε is independent of x and is distributed normally with zero mean and variance $\sigma^2 > 0$. Parameter A is positive. The random sample of size n is collected. Some econometrician decided to work with the linear model of the form

$$y = \alpha + \beta x + u,$$

where the restriction $E(u)=0$ is imposed.

- Write down the likelihood function for the nonlinear model.
- Is the variable x endogenous in the linear model? Provide a detailed explanation.
- Do we have heteroskedasticity in the linear model? Provide a detailed explanation.
- Let b be the OLS estimate of β in the linear model. Derive formula for $\text{plim } b$ in terms of integrals of known functions (do not simplify the formula you get).

Course materials

Required textbooks and materials

“Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach” by Jeffrey Wooldridge (4th edition), South-Western Cengage Learning, 2009.

Additional materials

Wooldridge, J. “Econometric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data”, MIT Press, 2002

Cameron, A. Colin and Pravin K. Triverdi “Microeconometrics: Methods and Applications”, (8th edition), Cambridge University Press, 2009

STATA software, Version 11, <http://www.stata.com/>

Academic integrity policy

Cheating, plagiarism, and any other violations of academic ethics at NES are not tolerated.